Adapted IHI Trigger	Tool for Measuring A	Intidiabetic Related	Adverse Drug Events
---------------------	----------------------	----------------------	---------------------

Antidiabe	etic – I	Patient Rec	ord Re	eview	Sheet					
Patient Name / Identification #:								Patient's Age:		
Admission Date:					_ Discharg	e Date:				
		dministered								
□ Insulir	l Insulin 🗆 G		Glybu	ıride		Semaglutide	☐ Canagliflozin			
☐ Metformin				Repa	glinide		Dulaglutide	☐ Empagliflozin		
☐ Rosiglitazone		е		Nate	glinide		Sitagliptin	☐ Remogliflozin		
☐ Pioglitazone		)		Acarb	ose		Saxagliptin	☐ Other:		
☐ Glipizide				Exena	atide		Linagliptin	Not an exhaustive list. Work with pharmacist to add all antidiabetic		
□ Glime	piride			Liragl	utide		Dapagliflozin	medications.		
Antidiabetic Related Adverse Drug Event Triggers										
Trigger Code		Clue/Symptom/Lab Test				Trigger Code	Clue/S	Clue/Symptom/Lab Test		
AD1	Rash/Itching/Diphenhydramine Administered				dministered	AD8	Sweating/Tremors/Tachycardia/Confusion/Drowsiness/Agitated Behavior/Seizure/Coma			
AD4	Anaphylactic Reaction					AD9	Fall			
AD5	Nausea/Vomiting/Antiemetic Administered				ninistered	AD11	Emergent Glucagon Administration			
AD6	Diarrhea					AD12	Abrupt Cessation of Medication			
AD7	Нуро	glycemia/Seru	ım Glud	cose <5	0	AD13	Transfer to Higher Level of Care			
Other	Not an exhaustive List. Add others and adjust table as needed.									
Triggers F	ound	and ADE Found? Harm					Automobile Administration			
(Code	<u>e)</u>	Yes	N	lo	Category**	Description of ADE		Anticoagulant Administered		
Total ADE	s for th	is patient:								
Total number of doses of medications for this patient (if available):										

\*\*Harm Category (adapted from NCC MERP Index):

Category A-D: Did not cause harm

**Category E:** Temporary harm to the patient and required intervention

Category F: Temporary harm to the patient and required initial or prolonged hospitalization

Category G: Permanent patient harm

Category H: Intervention required to sustain life

Category I: Patient's death

References: IHI Trigger Tool for Measuring ADEs (<a href="www.ihi.org">www.ihi.org</a>) and NCC MERP Index for Categorizing Medication Errors (<a href="https://www.nccmerp.org">https://www.nccmerp.org</a>)

The effectiveness of this tool is dependent upon a quality medication reconciliation being performed at admission.